

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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# Plasticast (R) BanDust (TM) investment [EU]

Revision 0 Revision date 2015-06-09

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Plasticast (R) BanDust (TM) investment [EU]

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product Use [SU3] Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites;

**Description** Foundry material.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Ransom & Randolph

Address 3535 Briarfield Boulevard,

Maumee, OH 43537 USA

Web www.ransom-randolph.com

**Telephone** +1 (419) 865-9497 **Fax** +1 (419) 865-9997

Email RR.SDS@dentsply.com

Email address of the competent person

RR.SDS@dentsply.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

**Company** Ran

USA +1 419 865 9497 Ransom & Randolph Co.

mpany Ransom & Randolph Co

07:30 to 16:30 (Eastern Std. / GMT minus 5)

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification -

Xn; R48/20

1999/45/EC

Symbols: Xn: Harmful.

Main hazards

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

2.1.2. Classification - EC

1272/2008

STOT RE 1: H372;

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Hazard pictograms



Signal Word

Danger

**Hazard Statement** 

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

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#### 2.2. Label elements

	inhalation.
Precautionary Statement:	P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
Prevention	P264 - Wash (hands) thoroughly after handling.
	P270 - Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Precautionary Statement:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Response	
Precautionary Statement:	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to local and national regulations
Disposal	

#### 2.3. Other hazards

2.0. Other nazards	
Other hazards	Product contains respirable crystalline silica (RCS).
	Not applicable. PBT and vPvB assessment.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

#### 67/548/EEC / 1999/45/EC

Chemical Name	Index No. CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration Number	Conc. (%w/w)	Classification	M-factor.
silica (cristobalite) more than 10 %	14464-46	6-1 238-455-4		50 - 60%	5 Xn; R48/20	
Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	26499-69	5-0		20 - 30%		
Quartz	14808-60	)-7 238-878-4		1 - 10%	5 Xn; R48/20	

# EC 1272/2008

Chemical Name	Index No.	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration Number	Conc. (%w/w)	Classification	M-factor.
silica (cristobalite) more than 10 %	•	14464-46-1	238-455-4		50 - 60%	STOT RE 1: H372;	
Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	;	26499-65-0			20 - 30%		
Quartz		14808-60-7	238-878-4		1 - 10%	STOT RE 1: H372;	

#### **Further information**

Full text for all Risk Phrases mentioned in this section are displayed in Section 16.

Quartz "fine fraction" >= 10 % w/w / CAS 14808-60-7, EC No 238-878-4 / STOT RE1: H372.

Silica (Cristobalite) "fine fraction" >= 10 % w/w / CAS 14464-46-1, EC No 238-455-4 / STOT RE1: H372.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.
Skin contact	Wash with soap and water.
Ingestion	Drink 1 to 2 glasses of water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and should be added and addysed		
Inhalation	May cause irritation to respiratory system.	
Eye contact	May cause irritation to eyes.	

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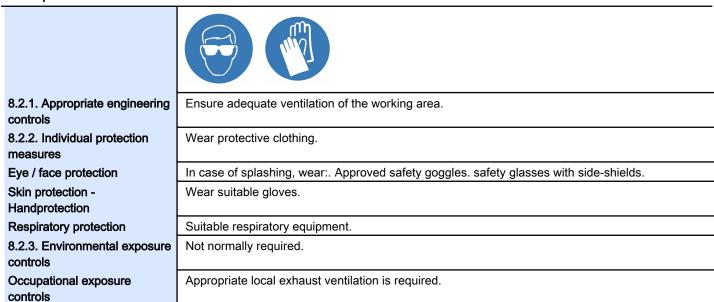
	Novision date 2010-00-
4.2. Most important symptom	oms and effects, both acute and delayed
Skin contact	May cause irritation to skin.
Ingestion	May cause irritation to mucous membranes.
4.3. Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Inhalation	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Eye contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Ingestion	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
SECTION 5: Firefightin	g measures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
	Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire conditions.
	ng from the substance or mixture
	Burning produces irritating, toxic and obnoxious fumes.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
	Self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear suitable protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Assidente	
SECTION 6: Accidenta	
6.1. Personal precautions,	protective equipment and emergency procedures
	Avoid formation of dust. Wear suitable respiratory equipment when necessary.
6.2. Environmental precau	rtions
	No environmental requirements.
6.3. Methods and material	for containment and cleaning up
	Avoid raising dust. Clean the area using a vacuum cleaner. Transfer to suitable, labelled contained
6.4. Reference to other se	ctions
	See section [2, 8 & 13] for further information.
SECTION 7: Handling a	and storage
7.1. Precautions for safe h	
	Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area. Avoid formation of dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
	Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this product is used or stored. Wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe sto	orage, including any incompatibilities
	Keep containers tightly closed.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
	Foundry material.
SECTION 8: Exposure	controls/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	p. e.
	Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area.
	3

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### 8.1.1. Exposure Limit Values

Calcium sulfate (Plaster of Paris)	WEL 8-hr limit ppm: -	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3: -
	WEL 15 min limit ppm: -	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3: -
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total 10 inhalable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust:
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total 4 respirable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - respirable dust:
Quartz	WEL 8-hr limit ppm:	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3: 0.3
	WEL 15 min limit ppm:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3:
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust: WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total - respirable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust: WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - respirable dust:

#### 8.2. Exposure controls



# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties



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# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Powder
Colour	Off white
Odour	Slight
рН	6 - 8
Relative density	2.5
Partition coefficient	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
Freezing Point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable.
Fat Solubility	Not applicable.
Solubility	Slightly soluble in water

### 9.2. Other information

Conductivity	No data available
Surface tension	No data available
Gas group	Not applicable.
Benzene Content	Not applicable.
Lead content	Not applicable.
VOC (Volatile organic	
compounds)	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
	Not applicable.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
	Stable under normal conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous re	actions	
	No Significant Hazard.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
	No Significant Hazard.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
	No Significant Hazard.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	products	
	Hazardous Decomposition Products (silica): Crystalline silica will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid and produce silicone tetrafluoride. Reaction with water or acids generates heat.	

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#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation
Respiratory or skin
sensitisation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

STOT-single exposure STOT-repeated exposure

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic effects.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica

In 1997, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibers, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France). In June 2003, the European Commission's Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) concluded:

"that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica is silicosis. There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative lung cancer risk is increased in persons with silicosis (and apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk. Since a clear threshold for silicosis development cannot be identified, any reduction of exposure will reduce the risk of silicosis."

(SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final on respirable crystalline silica, June 2003)

There is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. Worker protection against silicosis should be assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits and implementing additional risk management measures where required (see Section 16).

Aspiration hazard Repeated or prolonged exposure Not applicable. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation of dust may cause shortness of breath.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

Plasticast (R) BanDust (TM)	Fish LC50/96h: 10000.000 mg/l
investment [EU]	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

#### Partition coefficient

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Partition coefficient	
	Plasticast (R) BanDust (TM) No data available investment [EU]
12.4. Mobility in soil	
	Not determined.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment
	Not determined.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
	Not applicable.
SECTION 13: Disposal cons	siderations
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	Dispose of in compliance with all. local and national regulations.
Disposal methods	
	Contact a licensed waste disposal company.
Disposal of packaging	
	Do NOT reuse empty containers. Empty containers can be sent for disposal or recycling.
Further information	
	For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used.
SECTION 14: Transport info	rmation
14.1. UN number	
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es	
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.4. Packing group	<del>-</del>
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.5. Environmental hazards	
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.6. Special precautions for us	er T
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
14.7. Transport in bulk accordin	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
Further information	T
	The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	

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#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Regulations

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data is available on this product.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Other information

#### Training

Workers must be informed of the presence of crystalline silica and trained in the proper use and handling of this product as required under applicable regulations.

Social Dialogue on Respirable Crystalline Silica

A multi-sectoral social dialogue agreement on Workers Health Protection through the Good Handling and Use of Crystalline Silica and Products Containing it was signed on 25 April 2006. This autonomous agreement, which receives the European Commission's financial support, is based on a Good Practices Guide. The requirements of the Agreement came into force on 25 October 2006. The Agreement was published in the Official Journal of the European Union (2006/C 279/02). The text of the Agreement and its annexes, including the Good Practices Guide, are available from http://www.nepsi.eu and provide useful information and guidance for the handling of products containing respirable crystalline silica. Literature references are available on request from EUROSIL, the European Association of Industrial Silica Producers,.

STOT RE1: H372 - DANGER - Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

# Text of risk phrases in Section 3

R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Text of Hazard Statements in Section 3

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

#### **Further information**

The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process.

